

PSY 130
Review Test #9 Chapter 9

1. Brian is shown a picture with two cows and four horses in it. When he is asked if there are more horses or animals in the picture, Brian replies that there are more animals. Brian is demonstrating the classification ability of
 - A. class consciousness.
 - B. demarcation.
 - C. seriation.
 - D. class inclusion.
2. A child is told that Bob is older than Sally, and Sally is older than Fred. When asked, "Who is older, Bob or Fred?" the child replies, "Bob." This child is demonstrating _____ ability.
 - A. class inclusion
 - B. divergent thinking
 - C. transitive inference
 - D. mnemonic
3. What percent of children with attention disorders are both inattentive and hyperactive?
 - A. 65 percent
 - B. 75 percent
 - C. 85 percent
 - D. 95 percent
4. The more bilingually proficient children are, the more
 - A. popular they will be with their peers.
 - B. difficult it will be to take standardized tests.
 - C. difficult it will be to use the correct language in the correct situation.
 - D. their cognitive and linguistic achievement.
5. Which memory strategy links items together in a story or scene?
 - A. organization
 - B. elaboration
 - C. rehearsal
 - D. retrieval
6. According to the text, rates of physical growth during middle childhood are
 - A. fastest for children from South America.
 - B. extremely variable across geographic regions.
 - C. not influenced by environmental factors.
 - D. quite similar in children throughout the world.
7. With regard to physical growth during middle childhood,
 - A. boys gain more weight each year than girls.
 - B. girls gain more weight each year than boys.
 - C. both boys and girls gain about the same amount of weight each year.
 - D. boys and girls gain about the same until the growth spurt.
8. The criterion most commonly used to identify gifted children eligible for special programs is
 - A. creative thinking.
 - B. talent in science, mathematics, art, or music.
 - C. IQ scores.
 - D. early development of language.

PSY 130
Review Test #9 Chapter 9

9. Donald's reading level is about 2 years behind his age group. He also has some difficulty with arithmetic. It is probable that Ronald is suffering from
- A. profound mental retardation.
 - B. dyslexia.
 - C. agraphia.
 - D. aphasia.
10. Intelligence tests used in middle childhood are
- A. good predictors of achievement in school, especially for verbal children.
 - B. indicators of learning disabilities.
 - C. very accurate.
 - D. not timed.
11. The practice of promoting children who do not meet grade-level academic standards is called _____ promotion, and there continues to be disagreement about the effectiveness of its practice.
- A. academic
 - B. social
 - C. achievement
 - D. grade
12. The skills involved in developing metacognition include all of the following strategies EXCEPT
- A. thinking of examples.
 - B. visualizing relationships.
 - C. summarizing.
 - D. improving spelling.
13. During the school years, the practical use of language, or _____, develops.
- A. code switching
 - B. semantics
 - C. syntax
 - D. pragmatics
14. Which of the following intelligence tests of verbal and performance abilities of schoolchildren is administered individually?
- A. Wechsler Intelligence Scale for Children (WISC-R)
 - B. Otis-Lennon School Ability Test (OLSAT)
 - C. Differential Aptitude Test (DAT)
 - D. Stanford Achievement Test (SAT)
15. IQ tests focus almost entirely on abilities that are useful at
- A. home.
 - B. school.
 - C. work.
 - D. play.
16. During middle childhood _____ medical condition are common and _____ medical conditions are rare.
- A. acute; chronic
 - B. gastrointestinal; upper respiratory
 - C. noninfectious; infectious
 - D. chronic; debilitating

PSY 130
Review Test #9 Chapter 9

17. An argument that supports the limited predictive power of intelligence testing is that
- A. tests are unfair to minorities.
 - B. Hispanic children fall below white children and tests don't predict this group's achievement.
 - C. Asian Americans have high achievement but not significantly higher IQ scores.
 - D. tests don't measure those who have exceptional motor abilities.
18. Billy's mother has sent him to the store to buy eggs, bread, and milk. To remember these items, Billy repeats their names. He is using _____ to help remember the items.
- A. rehearsal
 - B. redundancy
 - C. iteration
 - D. elaboration
19. Mental retardation is indicated by an IQ below
- A. 55.
 - B. 60.
 - C. 65.
 - D. 70.
20. Krista suffers from asthma that frequently keeps her out of school and limits her participation in physical activities. Which of the following is NOT a potential risk factor?
- A. indoor environmental toxins inside Krista's school building
 - B. tobacco smoke at home
 - C. being a victim of bullying
 - D. all of these
21. Home schooling is legal in _____ of the 50 United States.
- A. 35
 - B. 40
 - C. 45
 - D. 50
22. A developmental reading disorder in which reading achievement is substantially below the expected level predicted by IQ or age is
- A. dyscalculia.
 - B. dementia.
 - C. agraphia.
 - D. dyslexia.
23. Dr. Gray is administering a test to a single second-grade child. There are items testing vocabulary and items testing the child's ability to reproduce patterns with blocks. Dr. Gray is likely administering the
- A. Wechsler Intelligence Scale for Children (WISC-III).
 - B. Scholastic Aptitude Test for Children.
 - C. Otis-Lennon School Ability Test.
 - D. General Aptitude Test for Children.
24. The most widely used individually administered IQ test is the
- A. Otis-Lennon School Ability Test.
 - B. Kaufman Assessment Battery for Children (K-ABC).
 - C. Stanford-Binet Intelligence Scale.
 - D. Wechsler Intelligence Scale for Children (WISC-III).

PSY 130
Review Test #9 Chapter 9

25. During middle childhood, metamemory
- A. decreases.
 - B. increases.
 - C. is used only by the brightest children.
 - D. none of the above; metamemory does not develop until adolescence.
26. Piaget concluded that moral reasoning develops in three stages, which include all of the following EXCEPT
- A. obedience to authority.
 - B. mutual respect.
 - C. moral intent.
 - D. equity.
27. What is the estimated percentage of children under 18 years age who are blind or visually impaired?
- A. 2 percent
 - B. 5 percent
 - C. 13 percent
 - D. 18 percent
28. Vision during middle childhood is
- A. usually keener than in early childhood.
 - B. more likely to be farsighted than in early childhood.
 - C. defective in 30 percent of all children.
 - D. defective in fewer than 3 percent of all children.
29. What is the leading cause of death in middle childhood?
- A. injury by accident
 - B. cancer
 - C. HIV/AIDS
 - D. upper respiratory problems
30. What is the effect of parents' involvement in their children's schooling?
- A. Parental involvement improves children's attitudes and performance.
 - B. It has limited effect, because most parents are not familiar with the educational methods used and content taught today.
 - C. Parents generally create problems for their children because teachers resent interference.
 - D. Parental involvement is only useful when the parents are well-educated.

PSY 130
Review Test #9 Chapter 9

psy130reviewchap9 KEY
Created: 9:36:29 PM EDT

1. (p. 325) D
2. (p. 325) C
3. (p. 348) C
4. (p. 345) D
5. (p. 330) B
6. (p. 317) B
7. (p. 317) D
8. (p. 350) C
9. (p. 348) B
10. (p. 332) A
11. (p. 343) B
12. (p. 338) D
13. (p. 337) D
14. (p. 332) A
15. (p. 334) B
16. (p. 321) A
17. (p. 333) C
18. (p. 330) A
19. (p. 346) D
20. (p. 323) D
21. (p. 343) D
22. (p. 347) D
23. (p. 332) C
24. (p. 332) D
25. (p. 330) B
26. (p. 329) B
27. (p. 322) C
28. (p. 322) A
29. (p. 324) A
30. (p. 340) A